

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913

NO. 51

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The board of city trustees met in regular session last Monday night. The reading of the minutes over the regular order of business was taken up.

Dr. F. Holmes Smith addressed the board relative to raising a fund to guard against mosquitoes. The matter was laid over for consideration.

A communication from Contractor Chas. J. Lindgren offering to construct 4-inch risers for laterals of the sewers for \$5 each was referred to City Engineer Kneese.

A communication from the Southern Pacific Company requesting a certified copy of a resolution accepting an easement deed for a right of way for Linden avenue over the company's tracks at Railroad avenue was accepted and ordered filed.

Upon motion of Trustee Kelley, seconded by Trustee Hickey a resolution to that effect was adopted.

A petition from residents of this city was read asking that Grand avenue extension be repaired. The work had already been ordered and completed.

A communication from the Federal Construction Company was received asking a 180 days extension to complete their contract.

Upon motion of Trustee Hickey, seconded by Trustee Kelley, a resolution was adopted granting sixty days extension and directing Engineer Kneese to endorse that number of days in the contract for the work of paving Grand, Linden and Cypress avenues.

Upon motion of Trustee Hickey, seconded by Trustee Kelley, it was decided to connect the local water pipe with the tank on Mission road, near Baden Crossing.

Upon motion of Trustee McGovern, seconded by Trustee Holston, the salaries of the city officers were ordered paid before Christmas.

A resolution confirming the appointment of A. E. Kauffmann as deputy treasurer by C. L. Kauffmann was introduced by Trustee Holston.

Adopted on motion of Trustee Hickey, seconded by Trustee McGovern.

Upon motion of Trustee McGovern, seconded by Trustee Holston, the local health inspector was retained for an additional month.

Report of Recorder Rehberg for November showed that he had disposed of seven misdemeanor cases and collected \$105 in fines.

Accepted and ordered filed.

Report of Poundmaster Quinn for September, October and November was accepted and filed.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed at South San Francisco, Cal., December 18, 1913:

DOMESTIC

Jos. Corhan, Clemente Ferrini, Fred Groeing, Angiolina Luciani, L. R. Pinkowsji, P. Rollins (2), Cesira Squaglia, Ed. Shinen.

FOREIGN

Sante Casavecchia, Jose Pita Coneado, Lazzaro Martinelli, Raffaeli Rosia.

Notice to Ladies—I am closing out a line of millinery at low prices. Temporary location at Shapland's tailoring establishment, No. 216 Grand avenue. All kinds of millinery work done. Miss M. Shapland. Advt.

A LITTLE CAPITAL

Gives freedom of choice in a thousand directions. When you have some money saved up and on deposit in the bank, you do not need to lose opportunities and "take a back seat" generally by not having just a little more cash than is necessary to live decently. This Bank will be glad to help you become independent through a savings account.

4% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Corner Grand and Linden Avenues

California

FRATERNAL ORDERS

(BY HARRY EDWARDS.)

L. O. O. M.

South San Francisco Lodge No. 832, Loyal Order of Moose, continues to grow in number and influence. As a visitor the writer attended one of its sessions recently and was pleased to note the unanimity and harmony that prevailed. The determination to make good as Loyal Moose was apparent.

The desire to buildup the local branch of this splendid order was expressed, and undoubtedly results will follow. Purity, Aid and Progress are the principles of this organization. Its purpose, the elevation of mankind, and the betterment of humanity.

This order, like our country, finds its strength and stability in the fact that it is composed of the everyday people.

Fraternity in the Loyal Order of Moose is this, to aid and assist brothers in distress, to help them get employment, to speak kindly to them no matter how humble. Yes, it means all this and more. It means that you must be true and loyal to yourself, your home, your country, and your order, and when you meet a Moose treat him as a brother. On this great rule of fraternity the order stands.

The local lodge has eighty-five members in good standing, pledged to the principles herein set forth who act louder than they preach. May their numbers increase and the principles for which they stand be accepted and lived up to by all men.

Never forget to remember that there are some things which should be forgotten.

She—Were you ever married?

He—No. But I was engaged once. She—Why didn't you marry the girl?

He—I found out she had a wooden leg and I broke it off.

Here's to the ties of friendship, Sincere twice-tried and true, That smiles in the hour of triumph, And laughs at its joy with you; Yet stands in the night of sorrow, Close by when the shadows fall, And never turns the picture, Of an old friend to the wall.

The head of the dog which bit D. O. Daggett about two weeks ago and which later bit another man was taken by Marshal Kneese to the University of California and examined. It was found that the dog showed traces of rabies.

At The Pastime Theatre, to-morrow (Sunday), will be presented the pathetic, entertaining and spectacular film picture in six parts, entitled "The Betrothed." Millions have laughed and cried over the events and characters in "The Betrothed."

Matinee at 1:30 sharp. Evening at 6:30. No advance in prices. Advt.

For Sale—Three desirable lots, Nos 1, 2, 3, in Peck's Subdivision, facing San Bruno road. Terms reasonable. Inquire F. H. Pidcock, Hotel Hillsdale, San Francisco. Advt.

Lost—Small size bull terrier, light brindle and white, uncropped; answers to name "Happy." Reward. J. J. Martin. Advt.

We have a stock and take orders for Gents' Furnishings and Xmas Novelties. Shapland's Tailoring Store. 216 Grand avenue. Advt.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Leon Savage of San Mateo was in town Monday.

Several dogs about town have been poisoned during this week.

Born—in this city, Monday, December 15th, to the wife of John Lewis, a girl.

Will Castro has been discharged from the local hospital. He is still quite weak.

The monthly freight reports for November of this year shows a total of 32,791,707 pounds handled.

The local schools closed yesterday at noon giving the pupils their two-weeks' Christmas vacation.

A platform has been built in front of the firehouse to the sidewalk to facilitate the rapid handling of the apparatus.

Born—in this city, Tuesday, December 16th, to the wife of Robert Hagedorn, a boy. Bob is sure the baby will make a president.

Ex-Trustee M. F. Healy, who underwent a severe operation at the local hospital last Sunday was at last reported improving rapidly.

Died—in this city, December 15th, Mrs. Christina Albera, wife of the late Felix Albera, aged 53 years. Funeral last Thursday. Interment at Italian cemetery.

A Christmas tree entertainment has been arranged for the young folks of the Methodist Sunday school next Tuesday evening. Among the numbers will be a solo rendered by Fred Burnham.

The report of the rainfall in this city for the week shows a precipitation of .34 of an inch against .40 of an inch for the same week last year. Up to date the rainfall for the season has been 7.24 inches and 3.03 inches for last season.

The young people of this city will be pleased to know that a masque ball will be given on January 10th, in Metropolitan Hall. The Rosebuds, who are going to give it, have secured a large number of prizes and it is assured that those attending will enjoy themselves.

The students of the local high school went en masse to The Pastime Theatre last night to enjoy the moving pictures of the dramatized version of Scott's "Ivanhoe." The book from which the play is taken is included in the curriculum of the school building where they gave a party. Chaperoned by the teachers, they enjoyed themselves fully. The happy crowd broke up at 12 o'clock well pleased.

Members of the local Outcast Club have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Past president, Jim McDonald; president, Fred Schmidt; vice-president, Chas. McGrath; secretary, Tom Schmidt; treasurer, Steve Brodie, chaplain, Joe Bildhauer; inside guard, Chas. Hedlund; outside guard, Al Field; business agent, Frank Fischer. Hereafter meetings will be held on the last Saturday of each month.

Yesterday morning at 8 o'clock an employee of the W. P. Fuller Company named Mills was severely shocked while working in the color works at the factory. He was taken to the local hospital and treated. At 11

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NEWS

Issued upon authority of the San Mateo County Development Association:

The residents of San Mateo county should be grateful to learn that the management of the exposition has taken a hand in the matter of adjusting the difficulties existing between the board of supervisors of San Francisco and the Southern Pacific Company over the construction of a new depot at Third and Townsend streets.

The fair directors have informed the San Francisco city fathers that any more wrangling with the railroad would prevent the completion of the proposed depot before the opening of the exposition.

The Peninsula is vitally interested in the new depot as it, in a large measure, typifies the growing importance of San Mateo county, and spells progress to the countless visitors who in the near future will view a beautiful structure where a broken down shed now stands as a railroad terminal.

Unless the dispute between San Francisco and the railroad company is adjusted with expedition, the San Mateo County Development Association will probably intercede in an effort to reach a satisfactory solution.

o'leek, while working with a soldering iron John Hughes of this city received a shock which caused his death. It is said that he received 2300 volts. Deceased was taken to the city hall where the coroner's jury inspected his remains, which were later taken to San Mateo.

The local order of Masons held its annual election of officers Friday, December 5th. Those elected were E. N. Brown, worshipful master; W. W. McDonald, senior warden; J. G. Walker, junior warden; F. A. Cunningham, treasurer; H. F. Mingleford, secretary; Geo. Kneese, senior deacon; J. A. Reardon, junior deacon; Harry Holston, Andrew Rheinhardt, stewards; E. P. Kauffmann, marshal; Charles Young, chaplain.

At the written request of the Postmaster-General, E. E. Cunningham the local postmaster, addressed the teachers and older pupils of the local schools explaining the postal savings bank, Thursday. He explained that the purpose of the bank was three-fold. It provides facilities for saving, with the guarantee of the government; it encourages and promotes frugal habits; and it draws money from hiding places other than banks. The address was listened to attentively by those present.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The board of county supervisors convened in regular session at 10 a.m. at Redwood City last Monday.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A communication from a San Francisco company was read requesting that the board make known the amount of water needed on the county farm. The clerk was instructed to inform them that 10,000 gallons per day would be sufficient.

A report of the State Highway Commission was read and ordered filed.

The report of Public Administrator H. G. Plymire was ordered filed.

Representatives of the San Mateo Women's Club addressed the board relative to a newspaper to be started in the county. The paper will be in magazine form setting forth the resources and advantages of the county in stories and will be known as The Keystone. The clerk was instructed to purchase 1000 copies to be distributed at women's conventions, both in San Francisco and Chicago.

A bid from the Terrence-Marshall Company of San Francisco for the Burlingame school bonds was accepted, it being the only one presented.

An ordinance changing the present location of the U. R. R. tracks on Mission road, between Daly City and Holy Cross cemetery, to the east side of the road was adopted.

M. Dozier, a San Francisco civil engineer addressed the board favoring the route of the new county highway from the north end of Linden avenue through this city and across the marsh south of the town. He made a speech in favor of this route. J. E. McCurdy of San Mateo spoke in favor of making San Bruno road the highway to Baden avenue, thence along Baden to Linden avenue and then across the marsh.

Upon motion of supervisors McBain, the matter was laid over until January 5th.

The Homeric Humorist.

Guide—In front of you is the national capitol. Miss Gush—Oh, isn't it angelic? Mr. Grouch—Angelic! Why, young woman, how can you speak of it as being angelic? Miss Gush—Well, it has wings, hasn't it? — Florida Times-Union.

The Way of It.

"Jones tells me his son is making a noise in the world."

"So he is. He's ringing the bell for the auction in the next block to begin now" — Baltimore American.

We Try to Please You

A smile is
a better business
asset than a
frown.



SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

"Pacific Service" is "Perfect Service"

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars.

South San Francisco**Railroad Time Table**

Sept. 21, 1918.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.**NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE**

6:08 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

7:03 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

7:18 A. M.

7:42 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

8:04 A. M.

(Except Sunday)

8:24 A. M.

(Sunday only)

8:44 A. M.

9:23 A. M.

9:53 A. M.

11:23 A. M.

1:07 P. M.

3:04 P. M.

3:41 P. M.

5:14 P. M.

5:28 P. M.

7:28 P. M.

11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

4:47 A. M.

6:47 A. M.

8:28 A. M.

10:58 A. M.

11:58 A. M.

1:37 p. m.

2:29 P. M.

(Except Sunday)

3:17 P. M.

4:37 P. M.

5:23 P. M.

(Except Sunday)

5:58 P. M.

6:47 P. M.

8:27 P. M.

10:22 P. M.

12:02 P. M.

(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.

North, 8:03 a. m.

South, 11:57 a. m.

North, 12:18 p. m.

South, 2:18 p. m.

North, 3:41 p. m.

North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.

North, 11:57 a. m.

South, 12:18 p. m.

North, 2:18 p. m.

South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelly, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk W. J. Smith
Treasurer C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder Wm. RehbergAttorney J. W. Coleberd
Marshal H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman W. P. Acheson

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, E. N. Brown.

County OfficialsJudge Superior Court G. H. Buck
Treasurer P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector A. McSweeneyDistrict Attorney Franklin Swart
Assessor C. D. Hayward
County Clerk Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder H. O. HeinerSheriff J. H. Mansfield
Auditor Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools Roy Cloud

Coroner and Public Adm. Dr. H. G. Plymire

Surveyor James B. Neuman

Health Officer W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First TownshipSupervisor James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace E. C. JohnsonConstables John F. Davis
Jas. C. Wallace

J. H. Parker

Portmaster E. E. Cunningham

EXTENSION OF PLAYGROUNDS**Orientals Are Adopting the Idea From America.****PLAYGROUNDS OF THE EAST**

A Sacramento Business Man Tells of Introducing American System in the East—Filipino Legislature Quick to Appreciate Work Toward Social Betterment.

On a recent trip around the world C. M. Goethe, a business man of Sacramento, Cal., sought to spread among missionaries and the leaders of the "new east," the message of the American movement for play and recreation. Prior to this journey he had established a playground at an orphanage in Sacramento and helped to organize the playground work of the city. Mr. and Mrs. Goethe are now backing playground work in Calcutta until a point is reached where the government will take it over, and they are also contributing the American share toward a playground leader in Korea.

Mr. Goethe has written an article for the Survey on the spread of the American recreation movement in the countries in the orient, in which he says that China shows the most progress. The title of his subject is "Exporting Playgrounds." In the course of it he says:

"Recreation is a world need. To what extent has our splendid American recreation movement spread to the countries of the orient? There are only a few little beginnings. A start has been made in Manila. Through the co-operation of the Young Men's Christian association and the Playground and Recreation association, a committee was appointed by Acting Governor General Gilbert, who granted an appropriation for an experimental playground in the Tondo, a congested district. Success came at the very first. The attendance ran into thousands."

"The effort now is for a complete Manila system, and then should come extension throughout the islands. The



AN EXAMPLE FOR THE EAST.

Filipino legislature is quick to appreciate work toward social betterment. Members return to their homes with strong convictions that their towns should have the same improvements as the capital.

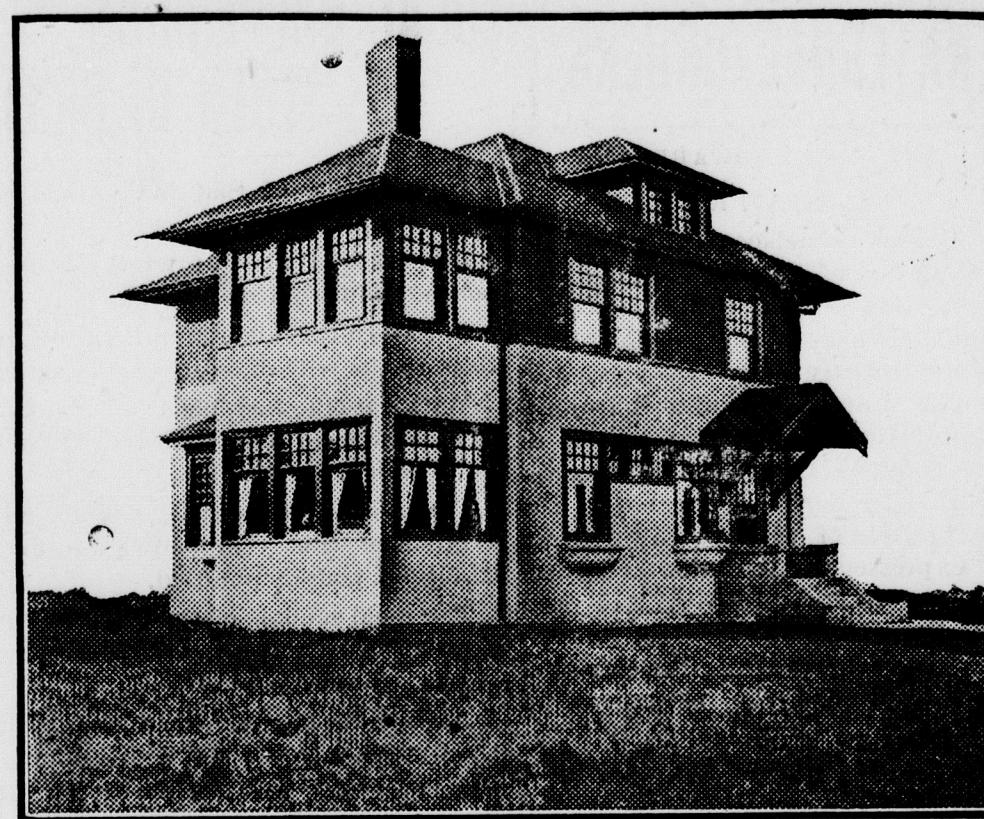
"Talk of the typical Chinese merchant of Singapore or Penang, owner of tin mines and plantations of pine-apple and rubber, with one son perhaps at Princeton, another at Oxford, who poured his wealth into China to back the theories of Sun Yat Sen against the Manchu. How his knowledge of American institutions surprises you, and how eager he is to learn of American playgrounds! The soil here awaits the playground seed. It will grow as luxuriantly as the bananas on his estate."

Mr. Goethe tells how he has started to organize a playground in a suburb of Calcutta, which will be the first playground in overcrowded India, and goes on to say:

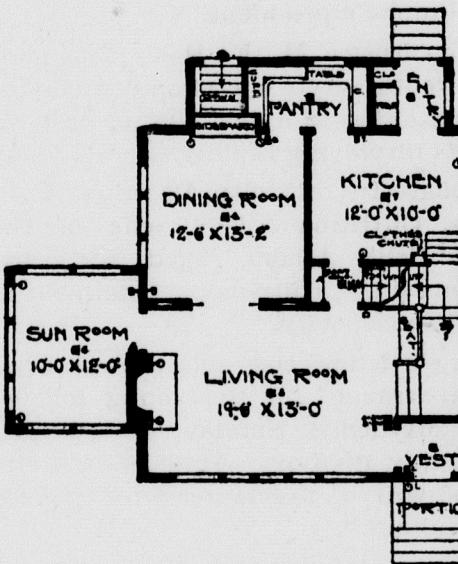
"The whole value of such experimental work must be educational. A good field for another playground is Bombay, center of the wealthy Parsees. We criticise them for their towers of silence, where bodies of the dead are exposed to the vultures. We criticise them for giving funds to hospitals for sick dogs and neglecting hu-

STUDY IN SHINGLE AND ROUGH CAST

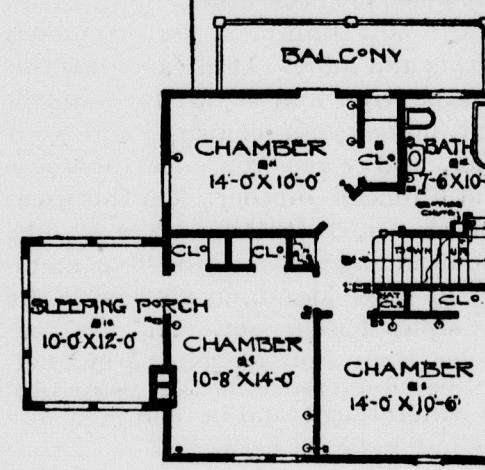
Design 780, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

Sun rooms and sleeping porches are permanent features of up to date homes and seem to be as essential as chambers and bathrooms. This plan has both of the above named features. The design includes every improvement that housewife desires in the way of convenience. All are shown distinctly and plainly on the floor plans. The size of the house is 26 feet wide and 28 feet deep over the main part. Full basement. First story, 9 feet; second story, 8 feet. These heights in the clear. Birch or maple floors throughout. First story finish birch or red oak; second story pine to paint. Cost to build \$3,600, exclusive of heating and plumbing.

men needs. But they are a benevolent people, and they have that shrewd intelligence which gives them the control of great industries, such as the vast Bombay cotton mills. They need only to have knowledge of American playgrounds to start them at work.

"Publicity is needed. When a break-fast food manufacturer wants to demonstrate its merits he plans a campaign costing hundreds of thousands. If there was an opportunity to make 1 cent a year on each of India's 300,000,000, how American capital would be poured in! Yet a very modest sum spent in a campaign of education such as the Playground association conducts in this country would start these people working to help themselves."

COULTER'S QUEER STORY.

It Was Thought He Had Discovered Hades, but He Hadn't.

At a gathering in Milwaukee a well known minister was called on to tell a story, and this is what he told:

"Did you ever hear of Coulter's hell? Of the two men lost by the great Lewis and Clark expedition of 1803 on its long journey through the northwest one was a man named Coulter. He was captured by Indians, who stripped him and set him to running the gantlet.

"Outrunning their blows, he snatched a spear from the last Indian, killed him with it and ran into the mountains naked and wounded, but at last free and armed. Wandering toward the southeast, he presently found himself in a land where the forces of nature appeared to have gone mad together. Rivers from which he sought to drink ran hot water, boiling fountains gushed hundreds of feet in the air, volcanoes of black mud vomited at him, bubbling fountains of snow white mud gushed around, with others of crimson and blue and green. A mountain of pure sulphur crystals rose on one hand, and from beside a stream rose another composed of black glass almost as clear as a window pane.

"At last, escaping from the place, he was found by some trappers, who clothed him and took him to St. Louis, where they reported him as one whose mind had been wrecked by his experiences. Wherever he told of the frightful country which he swore he had seen men roared with mirth at the yarn and made him tell and retell it till within a few years it went all over the west as an example of the effect

of the horrors of being lost on the human mind. It was commonly known as 'the story of Coulter's hell,' and under that name it frequently appeared in the eastern papers in the early thirties and forties. Coulter himself finally died regarded to the last as a hopeless maniac.

"And then in 1869 some Montana trappers wandered into the region and came back with the astounding tale that Coulter had told the truth and had never been insane at all. The government immediately rushed soldiers and scientists into the country, and before long it became the Yellowstone National park. And that is the story of Coulter's hell."—Milwaukee Journal.

Impeachment.

In England it was the old practice to impeach for conduct out of office. Private citizens could be impeached. Dr. Sacheverell was impeached for preaching an unpopular sermon, the Duke of Richmond for proposing an adjournment of the house of lords and Inigo Jones for tearing down a church. But in America impeachment has been restricted to men in office for conduct in office.—Argonaut.

Crazy as a Loon.

"Before I sentence the prisoner I should like to ask the attorney why he thinks that the defendant is insane."

"Your honor, he admits that he had a perfectly fair trial."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Holding on Tight.

You can't always tell; the young man who holds on to you as tightly as a vice before marriage, girls, may hold on to his money the same way afterward.—Florida Times-Union.

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South San Francisco California

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Any one sending a sketch or description may quickly ascertain our opinion free of charge. Our invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the city of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people in an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME
YOU BAKE--

USE **CALIFENE**

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE—SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE ENTERPRISE
Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, in advance \$2.00
Six Months " 1.00
Three Months " 50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank



SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Ask a soda fountain man for "a clean dry glass," and observe his surprise.

Wireless telephony across the ocean has been achieved, making it once more impossible for a man to get away from business.

It is plain that Felix Diaz is not as big a man in Havana as he used to regard himself in Mexico.

How the world does move. The colored people are using safety razors.

Have you noticed how quiet everything was in England while Mrs. Pankhurst was visiting over here?

Our battleship fleet has reached the Mediterranean and old Vesuvius had better behave.

An excuse is all right, but the thing to do is to avoid the necessity for it.

In these rapid days if a girl knows how to make a mayonnaise dressing she thinks she is a good cook.

CALIFORNIA INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to California clients reported by D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers:

R. C. Baker, Coaltinga, plug for well casings; C. Bartholomai, Los Angeles, centrifugal screen and classifier; J. H. Beatty, Cromberg, rail chair; Julius H. Becker, San Francisco, automatic cut out mechanism, for fluid actuated devices; Claud V. Bond, Los Angeles, curtain rod; Charles Butters, Oakland, filter leaf; Charles V. Craig, Los Angeles, flume construction; Wilton E. Darrow, Sutter creek, pulp distributor; D. G. Feeley, San Diego, ironing device; Irving H. Lyons, San Francisco, suit box; E. D. Miller, Berkeley, towel dispenser.

CALIFORNIA'S HIGH MOUNTAINS

The state of California has seventy named mountain peaks and sixty or more unnamed mountains, a total of at least 130, whose altitudes are greater than 13,000 feet above sea level. Twelve of these are 14,000 feet or more high. The highest is Mount Whitney, which is also the highest peak in the United States, with an elevation of 14,501 feet. Mount Williamson is the next highest, 14,384 feet. The elevation of Mount Shasta, probably the third highest peak in the state, has not been determined exactly, but it is generally credited with being about 14,380 feet high. Other mountains attaining more than 14,000 feet are: South Peak of White Mountain, North Palisade Mountain, Mount Langley, Mount Muir, Mount Tyn dall, and Mount Barnard.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week.

AN ADDRESS TO THE EMPLOYERS OF THE STATE FROM THE INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENT BOARD.

Commencing January 1, 1914, employers will be held liable under the Workmen's Compensation, Insurance and Safety Act for any accidental injuries sustained by employees while at work. The state, through its Compensation Insurance Fund provided for under the Act, has prepared to insure employers against such loss at the lowest standard rates. These rates will average from 20 to 40 per cent lower than compensation rates that have hitherto prevailed in California.

Except in the case where workers themselves are guilty of intoxication or wilful misconduct, the employer, under the law, will be held liable for any injury sustained by his employees by accident arising out of and in the course of the employment, and also for the death of any such employee if the injury shall proximately cause death. The only exceptions relate to those employees engaged in household domestic service or in the various forms of agriculture.

After paying losses, operating expenses, setting aside required reserves and a moderate percentage to build up a surplus to meet possible catastrophe losses, the balance, if any, will be in the nature of a profit, that, in the case of stock companies, would be paid to the stock holders in dividends, but in the case of the State Insurance Fund, it is the intention of the Industrial Accident Commission to have the policy holders reap the benefit thereof.

This makes the State Insurance Fund practically a mutual company. It, therefore, makes it to the interest of employers to give the State Fund every preference and support. The "Fund" has been organized with the same care exercised in organizing private undertakings. Insurance experts have been chosen purely on merit regardless of political faith. Employers will, therefore, have every right to expect that the "Fund" will be conducted in accordance with the highest business principles, giving its policy holders the most perfect protection at the lowest cost.

The fact of an employer holding an unlimited policy in the State Compensation Insurance Fund, whatever may be its reserve, will, in the event of an accident to any of his workmen, no matter which may be the cost, at once relieve the employer of any expense in the way of medical aid or compensation. The entire burden will be assumed by the "Fund" and the injured workmen will receive the best medical services and every penny of compensation to which, under the law, they may be entitled. In the event of a catastrophe loss wiping out the reserve of the state fund, however large or small such reserve may be, the employer is, in any event, relieved of any liability, and it is not conceivable that the great state of California would permit the injured coming under its policies to suffer the loss of compensation. This feeling should afford employers insuring with the state as policy holders, as well as their workmen, a peace of mind in itself worthy of every consideration.

The new law goes into effect January 1, 1914. This means that many thousands of California employers will want immediate insurance protection; it also means a great rush of applications for insurance on the part of employers on or about that date. In order, therefore, to be fully protected when the law goes into effect, it is important that employers should make prompt application to the State Compensation Insurance Fund at its headquarters, 525 Market street, San Francisco.

In making such an application the employer takes no risk in the matter of rates, since the State Board will issue policies at the lowest possible rates established by standard companies for the state of California.

GREAT QUANTITY OF SUPPLIES OF MATERIALS USED BY SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD EACH YEAR.

If all the carloads of material used annually by the Southern Pacific Company—and it requires 15,000 cars to transport this material annually—for the single items of maintenance and operation, were strung out one after the other, they would extend over a distance of 108 miles. This comparison gives a fair idea of the great quantity of supplies required every year by the company for upkeep and to insure the safe and steady movement of trains.

Figured out in car space, this material takes up 5,130,000 square feet, an equivalent of an area two miles long and one mile long. Were the cars arranged in trains of 50 each, 300 trains would be required.

None of this material is used for new construction. If that item were included, the figures would be even larger. The majority of it is handled through the company's general stores at Portland, Sacramento, Oakland, and Los Angeles, from where it is distributed to the various division depots. It includes 40,000 to 50,000 different articles.

The Southern Pacific makes it a practice to purchase wherever possible in the localities traversed by its lines. In this matter it aims to give a stimulus to home industry.

The lumber used for upkeep by the company every year amounts to 30,000,000 feet, so that it may be readily seen that it costs something to run a railroad.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS MUST REGISTER BY JANUARY 1, 1913

John P. McLaughlin, labor commissioner of the state of California, announces that the new law passed at the last session of the legislature requires that all factories, workshops, mills and other manufacturing establishments in which five or more persons are employed must register on or before January 1, 1914, with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. All new factories, etc., must register within thirty days after commencement of business, and all changes of location must be filed within thirty days after change.

Blank forms for registration may be obtained at the office of the labor commissioner, 943 Market street, San Francisco, or as the branch offices located at 812 Higgins building, Los Angeles; 431 McNeece building, San Diego; 100 Capitol building, Sacramento.

The object of the new law is to enable the state to keep a record of the growth of its industries year by year. During the month of January of each year the Bureau of Labor Statistics will send out schedules to all the registered plants in order to obtain statistics on production and employees.

Failure to register is a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine of not less than \$25, not more than \$200, or by imprisonment for not more than sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:30 a.m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p.m.
Preaching service, 7:30 p.m.
Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, 7:30 p.m.

Junior Epworth League, Friday 3:30 p.m.

The pastor, C. N. Bertels, will preach on the subject: "The Holy Child."

Everybody welcome.

Steve Throwel against A. Lee. Suit to secure \$150 for water supplied.

Robert & Zastrow against Bauer. Satisfaction of judgment entered.

The case of People against Chas. Doyen was dismissed with a reprimand.

A FINE TREAT FOR OUR SUBSCRIBERS
1914 POCKET DIARY

We take pleasure in announcing that any of our readers can secure a 96-page 1914 diary, free of charge by sending a two-cent stamp, the actual postage, to D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C. The diary is bound in a pretty stiff red cover, contains ninety-six pages, note spaces for the 365 days of 1914, a calendar for 1914 and 1915; states the popu-

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702 Market Street, San Francisco

312 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco

\$3000—A1, on Boulevard at Millbrae.
\$6000—Home in South San Francisco.
\$8000—Ranch near Stockton, 20 acres. Will trade for South San Francisco property.
\$3500—Ranch of 23 acres, 25 miles from Stockton. Will trade for South San Francisco property.
\$2800—House, lot 50x100, in San Bruno, \$20 a month.
\$2000—Richardson home, lot 50x100, water tank and engine, \$20 a month.
\$180—100x100, Jeveine and San Mateo avenues, easy terms.
\$1350—Larsen cottage, lot 50x80, \$18 a month.
\$2250—Hansen home, on State Highway, 5 rooms, lot 50x100, \$25 a month.
\$1000—Robinson cottage, in Belle Air, \$12 a month.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE,
No. 376, F. & A. M.,
meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for Stated meetings.

E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master.
J. G. WALKER, Secretary.



SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, NO. 850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Monday in Lodge Hall.

MARY E. BOHN, President.
VIOLA R. WOOD, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE NO. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p.m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.



B. BAGGENSTOS, Sachem.
G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE NO. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p.m. T. C. McGOVERN Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, NO. 7, JOURNEYMAN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p.m. PETER LIND, President. J. E. SULLIVAN, Secretary.



PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE Surgeon

Office. 500 Grand Avenue Hours 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p.m.

A Nice Christmas Gift



These Corsets are made to order, \$3.50 and up



This is the Nu Bone Corset Stay. Guaranteed not to rust or break. Also washable.

L. M. D'FLUGER, San Bruno, Cal.

Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno Crossing, or send a postal for information.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

San Mateo County, Cal., Dec. 10th, 1913. Sealed bids will be received by the clerk of the Board of Supervisors of San Mateo county, at his office, until 10 o'clock a.m. MONDAY, December 29th, 1913, for the grading of a 7.278 miles of highway, on what is commonly known as the Colma to Half Moon Bay road, beginning at a point in said road on the southerly bank of San Pedro creek, known as Station 0x00, Route 2, Division 3, Section 1 of San Mateo county highways, in the First Road District of San Mateo county, and extending in a general southerly direction to a point where the center line of Ucluelet street intersects the center line of Ucluelet street in the town of Montara, said point being known as Station 21x47.26, Route 2, Division 3, Section 2 of San Mateo county highways, in the Fourth Road District of San Mateo county, California.

Specifications for this work are on file in the office of the clerk of said Board, to which bidders are hereby referred.

All bids must be made upon blank form, to be obtained at the county surveyor's office of said county, at Redwood City; must give the prices proposed, both in writing and figures, and must be signed by the bidder, with his address.

The bid is to be accompanied by a certified check equal to ten (10) per cent of the total of the bid, upon the condition that if said bid shall be accepted, the party bidding will duly enter into the contract and faithfully perform his contract in accordance with his bid, and the plans and specifications. Such check to be made payable to said county of San Mateo.

A common law bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract in such sum as shall be fixed by the said board of supervisors. The bids are opened: bids shall not be less than one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of the estimated amount of the contract, and a further bond of one-half of one-half ($\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$) of the estimated amount of the contract must be furnished by the terms of an act entitled "An act to secure the payment of the claims of material-men, mechanics, or laborers, employed by contractors, upon state, municipal, or other public works" approved March 27, 1897, and acts amendatory thereof.

The contractor to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to appear at the office of the county clerk, with the sureties offered by him, and execute the contract within ten (10) days (not including Sunday), from the date of the awarding of the contract, and in case of failure or neglect so to do, he will be considered as having abandoned it, and the check shall be forfeited to the said county of San Mateo.

Bids must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed to the clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and must be endorsed, "Bids for Grading County Road from San Pedro creek to Colma."

The Board of Supervisors reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated, December 10, 1913.

J. W. COLEBERD

Attorney at Law

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Phone Main 222

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TREES

SACRIFICING SALE

Lease ended. Must be cleared at once. One acre Excellent, First Class Flowering Trees, Shrubs, Conifers and Decorative Plants. All 25 per cent reduction and over. Cash sales only (F. O. B.). Burlingame, one block south of depot.

FR. HENKEL

Landscape Architect

Office, 104 San Mateo Drive (Held Building). Sale open daily 10 to 5.

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of

New Spring Styles

POPULAR MECHANICS FOR JANUARY

A vivid account of the arduous and often perilous work required of the motion-picture actor is given in "Realism in the Motion-Picture Drama," by Frank Parker Stockbridge, in the January Popular Mechanics Magazine. Hanging by one hand from a moving aeroplane with nothing between the actor and a frightful death but a slender rope, leaping overboard from a sinking ship—these are some of the thrilling "stunts" which motion-picture actors have lately been doing, and which more are being trained to do, as the result of the present-day demand by motion-picture audiences for realism, and their quickness to detect the difference between a genuine scene and one that has been faked. All this and more is described by Mr. Stockbridge in showing the lengths to which the "movie" companies go in seeking for realism and thrills. The article is well illustrated, while the cover design gives a realistic view of the actual work of staging a scene above the clouds.

The January Magazine contains 304 articles and 333 illustrations. In view of the recent dispatches from Europe telling of the successful transmission of vocal sounds across the Atlantic by wireless telephone, the description of the tower at which these messages were received in America, as given in this number, will be of interest to a wide circle of readers. This structure, which is the highest in America, and, with one exception, the highest building of any kind in the world, was recently completed on the New Jersey coast, and a complete description, with illustrations is given. Lou Wescott Beck, the pioneer who has spent the best part of their life in the work of placing water signs in the great desert regions of the southwest, gives an account of this work in an article entitled "Robbing the Desert of Its Menace," a thrilling account, in which this great humanitarian work is described with the characteristic modesty of the man who did it.

Other articles of special interest in the January Magazine include: "Hunting the Fresh-Water Pearl;" "Wireless Control of Sounding Balloons;" "Reclaiming a Province from the Sea," an article in which the project of draining the Zuyder Zee, in the Netherlands, is described; "Why Norway was First at the Pole;" "What the Marks on Old China Mean;" "Airsheets to Guard Indian Frontiers;" "Hearse Crosses Continent on trip to Grave;" "How the Steel Car Saves Life in Derailment;" "Making New Pavements Out of Old Ones;" "Familiar Conjurer's Tricks Explained;" "Washington's Old Survey Found Correct;" "Battleship 'Louisiana' Flooded at Sea;" "Earthquakes Form Hole in Bottom of Sea;" "Electrically Propelled Ship 'Tynemount';" etc. Charles Alma Byers contributes an illustrated article on "The Prominent Chimney a Feature of the Bungalow," while Walter T. Williams describes a characteristic modern movement in "Rural Laundries Lessen Labor of Farm Life."

The usual amount of good material, elucidated by numerous sketches and diagrams, is given in the Shop Notes and Amateur Mechanics departments of the January Magazine.

As a result of disputes that are already threatening prolonged litigation between the olive growers and olive buyers, an effort will be made before the next season to perfect an olive growers' association for Butte County. The olive buyers, taking advantage of the fact that the cold snap has shriveled many olives, have in a number of instances attempted to declare the whole crop damaged and have insisted that they be turned in as oil olives. However, following the warm rain, the olives filled out and are as good as ever, and for these the growers demand that they be paid the price agreed in the contracts. It is certain that in a number of instances an appeal will be made to the courts for damages following the alleged arbitrary violation of these contracts.

Mrs. George J. Gould entertained her guests in rather an original way recently, treating them to a picture show in the spacious casino of Georgian Court. The screen upon which the pictures were shown cost \$1,000. It is the intention of Mrs. Gould to have reproductions of the latest plays, and she has special orders with film companies. She will use the apparatus for the benefit of charity during the winter.

DECIDUOUS FRUIT SEASON CLOSES

California Crop Is Valued at \$18,500,000

With the shipment last week of the last car of Emperor grapes from the Fresno district, the deciduous fruit season has come to a close, said General Manager Virden of the California Fruit Distributors. During the season there were shipped 13,331 cars of fresh fruits, a dozen cars less than last season.

The grape shipments amounted to six more cars than last year, despite the early season predicted shortages. More peaches were shipped this season than last.

Estimated on a general average of \$1400 a car, the California 1913 deciduous fruit crop brought approximately \$18,500,000. Manager Virden said.

The fruit shipments were as follows: Cherries, 230 cars; apricots, 158½ cars; peaches, 2359 cars; plums, 1706½ cars; pears, 2495½ cars; grapes, 363½ cars; miscellaneous, 18½ cars.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

Sufficient names have been filed with County Clerks of the State to swell the universal eight-hour petition to the required number to place the proposition on the 1914 ballot, according to word that has reached the office of Secretary of State Jordan from Los Angeles.

The eight alleged mutinous sailors left stranded in San Francisco upon the sailing for England of the steamer Santa Rosalia were found guilty of vagrancy by Police Judge Sullivan and were sentenced to one hour each imprisonment in the City Prison. They were thereupon taken to the prison, where, after serving their sentences, they were delivered into the custody of the Federal authorities to be taken to Angel Island for deportation as undesirable aliens.

Fresh complaints of damage to vegetation by smelter fumes from Shasta and Calaveras Counties were the cause of a special conference between State Veterinarian Keane and State Horticultural Commissioner Cook of the State Smelter Waste Commission at Sacramento. Chief Deputy State Horticultural Commissioner G. P. Weldon has been dispatched to Calaveras, in the vicinity of Campo Seco, where the smelter is located, to investigate, and from there will go to Kennett, Shasta County.

Crowds of holiday shoppers were passing to and fro along Sutter street, just above Grant avenue, San Francisco, at 5:30 in the afternoon a couple of days ago, when a medium-sized youth, dressed in a brown suit, pushed past two women who were coming out of the Hahnemann Pharmacy, at 336 Sutter street. Within the next two minutes he covered H. A. L. Bahmann, a clerk, with a revolver, and after taking the contents of the cash register, walked calmly out to the street again and disappeared.

The Tulare County citrus fair came to an end, attended by the largest crowd that has ever gathered for any similar event in the history of the county. Dark overhanging clouds and a few light showers of rain failed to dampen the enthusiasm of hundreds who attended. A special pavilion containing more than 30,000 square feet of floor space was built especially for the fair. A guarantee fund of \$12,000 was raised by Visalia business men in two days, giving the executive committee free rein to arrange for the biggest county fair in the valley's history. Exhibits were entered by North Tule, Cutler, Porterville, Lemon Cove Ducor, Venice Hill, Exeter, Dinuba, Terraella, Three Rivers, Alpaugh, Woodlake, Orosi and Tulare. All of them were remarkably fine, especially those of Exeter, Lemon Cove and Three Rivers, which figured prominently among the prize-winners. The fair has been in session for ten days.

As a result of disputes that are already threatening prolonged litigation between the olive growers and olive buyers, an effort will be made before the next season to perfect an olive growers' association for Butte County. The olive buyers, taking advantage of the fact that the cold snap has shriveled many olives, have in a number of instances attempted to declare the whole crop damaged and have insisted that they be turned in as oil olives. However, following the warm rain, the olives filled out and are as good as ever, and for these the growers demand that they be paid the price agreed in the contracts. It is certain that in a number of instances an appeal will be made to the courts for damages following the alleged arbitrary violation of these contracts.

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To suit your taste, and built on the installment plan
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Builder and Designer. Modern Bungalows a Specialty.
Attention Given to All Kinds of Carpenter Work.

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GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

One of the biggest private real estate deals on record was completed in London a few days ago in the purchase of the Duke of Bedford's block of freehold property in the center of London for something over \$50,000,000 by Harry Mallaby-Deeley, a Unionist member of the House of Commons.

A sweeping declaration in favor of the principle of Government ownership of telephone and telegraph lines, and an assertion that the postal service now is self-supporting for the first time since 1883, are features of the annual report of Postmaster-General Burleson, transmitted to Congress.

Dr. Mary E. Walker, the noted suffragette, has been persuaded by William Hammerstein to accept a limited vaudeville engagement at Hammerstein's Victoria Theater beginning the week of January 5th. She is the only woman privileged to wear male attire in New York, by special act of Congress.

The black silk, accordion pleated dress skirt, an innovation and a money saver, has appeared at Harvard. A black stock goes with it to complete the startling transformation of style in the field of formal dress. A black silk dress shirt will conceal a multitude of spots. Laundrymen are to be in revolt.

Governor Dunne of Illinois has issued a proclamation prohibiting the shipping of dairy cattle into Illinois from nineteen states, among which are Iowa, Nebraska, Texas and Montana. The order will not affect the shipments of beef cattle. This action was taken to prevent the spread of bovine tuberculosis in Illinois.

To make the church as attractive to the needy and hungry as the saloon, Rev. A. N. Kelly of Cincinnati has inaugurated a unique scheme of giving away free lunches at his church every evening from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock. Soup, coffee, sandwiches and cakes are served. After the free lunch there is a sermon. Those who have no place for the night will be invited to rest a bit in the nice plush rows.

Governor West of Oregon has called a meeting of the State Emergency Board, at which he will suggest a deficiency of \$50,000 be created to give employment on public roads for the next two months to men now out of work. He estimates that the money will provide employment for 500 men at \$2 a day and that the work will be of advantage to the state in hastening the improvement of the thoroughfares.

During the discussion at the forest fire conference of the Western Forestry and Conservation Association at Vancouver, B. C., one of the radical propositions made was the cultivation of an educational movement which would in the course of time make easy the passage of laws in the different states along the Pacific Coast and in British Columbia prohibiting smoking in the woods during the summer season, when the danger of fire is greatest.

Over 25,000 Christmas trees from the evergreen hills of Jackson County, Oregon, have been shipped this month to supply the approaching holiday demand. Virtually all of these have been sent to California, San Francisco and Los Angeles taking the bulk of them. In addition to them large quantities of Oregon grape and mistletoe have been sent south, together with branches of the laurel, which at this season are superb with their wealth of green leaves and bright red berries.

The father, the sister and a boyhood chum of Hans Schmidt swore on the witness stand in New York a few days ago that Schmidt has been crazy for years. They were the first witnesses for the defense in his trial for the murder of Anna Aumuller. Before they testified Schmidt jumped to his feet and dramatically shouted: "It's a lie!" as his lawyer outlined his case to the jury. Insanity was a family trait among Schmidt's kin, according to Heinrich Schmidt, the prisoner's father.

Let us never make the mistake of thinking that our influence counts for nothing, but from this hour determine that we will live our best every minute.

To the Laborer and the Investor

Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

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South San Francisco

SHOP EARLY

Do your Christmas shopping at Schneider's where you will find a splendid assortment of Holiday Goods.

A Few Suggestions for Ladies—

Handkerchiefs in Holiday Boxes	Silk Scarfs	25c to \$1.50
Leather Hand Bags	Toilet Sets	25c to \$6.00
	Felt House Slippers	75c to \$1.50

For Gentlemen—

Combination Sets in Holiday Boxes—Necktie and Socks	Holeproof Socks, all colors, guaranteed	25c to \$1.50 box of six pair
Suspenders	Black Silk Reefer Mufflers	75c to \$2.50
Fancy Arm Bands	Silk Four-in-Hand Ties	25c, 50c, \$1.00

SCHNEIDER'S FOR TOYS

Large No. 2 Coasters, heavy wheels	Mechanical Toys	25c up
Velocipedes, No. 1	Story Books	5c to 50c
Doll Buggies	Games of all kinds	5c to \$1.00
Dolls, a large Assortment	A large assortment of other toys too numerous to mention.	

Large Doll and Coaster will be given away New Year's Day

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE

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NEW Sunset Limited TO RUN DAILY

---NO EXTRA FARE--- To New Orleans in 3 Days

Connecting at New Orleans with Southern Pacific Atlantic Steamship Lines and Fast Daily Express Trains for New York and the East.

Rail and Steamship Tickets Sold to All Points

G. W. HOLSTON, Agent

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E. SHILLINGSBURG, District Passenger Agent, San Jose, California

Southern Pacific

Curusis Bros.

243 Grand Ave. South San Francisco, Cal.

All kinds of Xmas ornaments and decorations for sale at this store. No need to go to San Francisco.

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed

AT
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

LEGAL PHANTOMS.

Many Statutes That Exist Only
In the Imagination.

EXAMPLES OF "NO SUCH LAW"

Popular Beliefs Which Have Sprung Up, No One Knows How, and Become Fixed Ideas, Yet Have No Foundation In Legislative Enactments.

Many people have the idea that if one owes a bill and goes to his debtor and tells him that he is willing to pay and then offers some trifling sum on account, say \$1 or even less per week or month, the creditor is obliged to take it, utterly regardless of the fact that if creditors were obliged to receive payment in that way it would put most of them out of business in a very short period.

There is no such law.

In the minds of very many people, especially in the country districts, there is another firmly fixed idea that if one person strikes another first the person assaulted may then all but pound the other to death.

There is no such law.

A person assaulted has the right to defend himself, but he may not use any more force than necessary to do that. To use more than necessary force completely turns the tables, and the assaulted becomes the aggressor and liable for his excess of zeal in damages commensurate with the damage done. A person has the right to order an undesirable person from his premises and to use sufficient force to eject him if he does not go when so ordered, but he has no right to accelerate his movements with one or more well placed kicks.

Many people who owe bills labor under a strong impression that it is the duty of their creditors to come to them for their money.

There is no such law.

There is a proverb which says, "The borrower is servant to the lender." The bank will not come to you if you owe a note which it holds for collection. Out of courtesy it will send you a notice that your note is due (it is not compelled to do that), but you must go to the bank to make payment.

In the country frequently and in the city sometimes one is told that, if a person dies leaving children and grandchildren, the children of a deceased child, the grandchildren, are not entitled to the share of the estate which their parent would have taken, as the father or mother having died there is no way whereby the inheritance can pass over from the deceased to the grandchildren—in other words, the line is broken.

There is no such law.

The statutes expressly provide that the children of deceased heirs take the share that would have gone to their parent.

A person owns a fruit tree and its branches overhang the land of his neighbor. Many think because of that the neighbor is entitled to the fruit on the overhanging branches.

There is no such law.

If the tree sat upon the line between the estates the neighbor would be entitled to one-half of the fruit, but being wholly on one side the owner is entitled to all the fruit and may go upon his neighbor's land and gather it without being guilty of trespass. If the neighbor does not like this arrangement he may take his ax or saw and cut the limbs off at the line between the estates, but he must throw them on his neighbor's land, as the wood of the tree belongs to him. The owner of the tree may not like to have his tree treated thus, but he cannot help himself.

Two men own adjacent lots of land. One wishes to have a fence between them; the other does not. Many people think that one may build the fence and compel the other to pay for half of it.

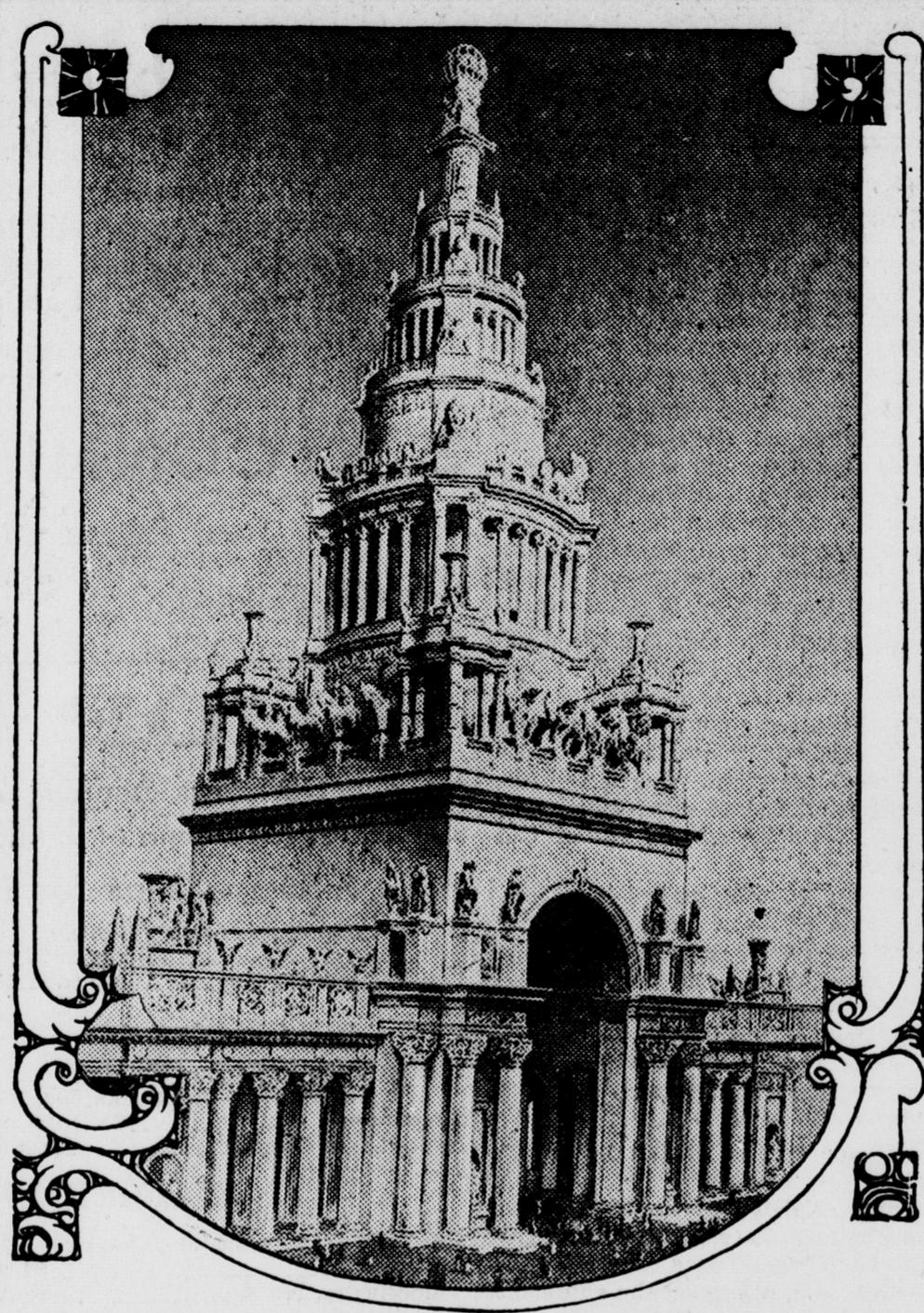
There is no such law.

In such a case one owner may call in the fence viewers and have them ascertain the line and designate which part of the fence each shall build. Neither party, however, can compel the other to build any particular style of fence. The mover in the matter may want a fancy fence, but the other may build his half of any material satisfactory to himself, and so long as it is a legal fence he cannot be compelled to build any other.

Many shopkeepers demand that finders of lost money or valuables in their stores shall deliver them over to them, as they own the articles because they were found on their premises.

There is no such law.

The finder of money or other valuables on the floor outside the counter in a store is the owner of the same against the whole world except the loser, but it has been held that if the owner left the money or goods upon the counter or on a table in the store they were practically in the care of



Copyright, 1915, by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Co.
Photo by W. W. Swadley, staff photographer.

A MARVELOUS SETTING FOR SCULPTURE AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, SAN FRANCISCO, 1915.

THE dominating architectural feature of the exposition, the superb Tower of Jewels, which will command the south entrance of the Court of Sun and Stars at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in San Francisco in 1915. This tower, 430 feet in height, will have a base one acre in extent. The tower will rise upward in terraces, giving way at last to a group of figures supporting a globe, typifying the world. The repeated figures of armored horsemen and of explorers of the ocean will be used on the tower, which, with its statuary, mural paintings and mosaics, will be indescribably beautiful. Messrs. Carrere & Hastings, architects in chief of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo in 1901, are the architects.

the storekeeper and he had the right to their custody, while he could not make such a claim to goods which were found on the floor.—Boston Globe.

Concerning Women.

Collapsible baby carriages have almost gone out of use in Christiania, Norway, owing to the agitation against them started by a local physician, a specialist in children's diseases.

Mrs. Winifred Harper Cooley, president of the Associated Club of Domestic Science, recently undertook to live on 9 cents a day and is said to have succeeded beyond her expectations.

The report does not say that she has concluded to keep it up.

A New York magistrate said the other day that if a woman could earn money dressed as a man there was no law to prevent her using male attire.

Dr. Mary Walker, who always wears man's clothing, has a special permit from congress to do so.

Queen Wilhelmina had a very pretty part to play at the inauguration of the palace of peace recently at The Hague. She conferred the grand cross of the order of Orange-Nassau on Andrew Carnegie, and a similar decoration was conferred on Abraham Pieter Cornelis Van Karnebeek, president of the Carnegie foundation.

Made Her More Nervous.

She was rather a nervous old lady and, fearful of being robbed of her purse, kept it in a pocket of her underskirt. Taking a cab, she, at the end of the journey, began searching, as ladies do, for the carefully concealed pocket. The cabby, misconstruing her movements, looked on grimly.

"Well, mem," he broke in, "when you've done a-scratching, me fare's 18 pence."—London Tatler.

Table Bells.

Very quaint and attractive are some of the table bells shown now. Some are miniature copies of famous church bells. One in silver is a replica of the deep toned bell at Moscow, and the bells of many of the cathedrals in German cities are beautifully reproduced.

Idleness.

Too much idleness, I have observed, fills up a man's time much more completely and leaves him less his own master than any sort of employment whatsoever.—Burke.

Woman's World

Dr. Montessori Arrives to Explain Teaching Methods.



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DR. MONTESSORI.

Educators all over the country are interested in the arrival in this country of Dr. Montessori, who has come over to explain her wonderful method of teaching little children.

This Italian woman's remarkable success began some years ago in Rome, where she instructed defective children in one of the great Italian institutions. Her success with the little feeble minded inmates was so great and her discoveries of so vast an importance to the whole conduct of education that she was offered an opportunity to put her theories into practice in a school for the children of the tenements of Rome. Thus the "Casa dei Bambini" came into existence—the "house of the children," which might with equal propriety be called the "house of happiness." Here are no tired and peevish teachers to quench childish joys with constant "No, no!" "Stop that, Tommy" and "Do this, Mary."

The children are allowed to play with whatever objects interest them, whether they be blocks or squares of bright colored cardboard or pieces of canvas to be laced together, all these things teaching the child muscular control and making him efficient at the same time in matters of daily life.

It is not long after a child has learned to lace pieces of cloth together that he discovers his shoes. Every one knows how proud the child is when he begins to dress himself. Dr. Montessori helps him to learn these things instead of stumbling upon them.

The result is that in the Casa dei Bambini the little tots of two and three wash themselves, serve the luncheons to the school and put the room in order after the lessons are over.

The natural activity of the child is permitted full play. Instead of sitting wearily at immovable desks the children move freely about, dragging their little chairs and tables wherever they wish.

The schoolroom opens upon a beautiful Italian garden, and the children spend most of their time studying in the open air.

Dr. Montessori fiercely denounces the system which compels little children to sit at desks until their spines are bent. She advocates freedom in study and play. Her methods are being watched with great interest, especially by kindergartners who have been brought up on the Froebel teachings.

a little distance is not unlike dull suede.

The suit pictured is of silk duvetin in autumn leaf color. The hat is of black velvet adorned with shaded yellow plumes.

A FRENCH FABRIC.

What the Fashionable Duvetyn Looks Like.



OF DUVETYN IN AUTUMN LEAF COLOR.

Everybody is asking what this new French material which is the craze this season looks like. Duvetyn has a texture like thin, clinging silk and at

The Scrap Book

Made Sure.

Mr. Lloyd-George, the English statesman, has been telling some stories bearing on his own unpopularity with his political opponents.

One of the stories is about a man who was presented with a testimonial for saving some one from drowning. The hero modestly deprecated the praises showered upon him.

"Really, I have done very little to deserve this reward," he said. "I saw the man struggling in the water, and as no one else was by I knew he would be drowned if I didn't save him. So I jumped in, swam out to him, turned him over to make sure that he wasn't Lloyd-George and then pulled him out!"

Another story the chancellor tells relates to the recent unveiling of his portrait, the gift of some Welsh admirers.

In the course of his speech the chairman of the meeting artlessly remarked that for some time past the attention of the subscribers had been occupied by the problem, "Where shall we hang Lloyd-George?"

To Thine Own Self Be True.

By thine own soul's law learn to live,
And if men thwart thee take no heed,
And if men hate thee have no care.
Sing thou thy song and do thy deed,
Hope thou thy hope and pray thy prayer
And claim no crown they will not give
Nor bays they grudge thee for thy hair.

Keep thou thy soul sworn steadfast oath
And to thy heart keep true thy heart.
What thy soul teaches learn to know
And play out thine appointed part,
And thou shalt reap as thou shalt sow,
Nor helped nor hindered in thy growth,
To thy full stature thou shalt grow.

Fix on the future's goal thy face,
And let thy feet be lured to stray
Nowhither, but be swift to run,
And nowhere tarry by the way,
Until at last the end is won,
And thou mayest look back from thy place
And see thy long day's journey done.
—Pakenham Beatty.

Very Remarkable Adder.

"Duncan McLaren, a Radical member of parliament for Edinburgh, brother-in-law of John Bright, a man mighty in figures, sued the Scotsman newspaper for libel," says J. Stephen in the New Witness. "He won his case and on the same day in the house of commons made a speech in which by some serious slip two and two became five or more probably seven. Next morning the Scotsman came out with a leader. 'The highest court in our land,' it was written, 'has declared that we must not call Duncan McLaren "a snake in the grass." We bow to its decision. But in the face of his speech last night in the house of commons we do not think that there is any tribunal that will punish us if we, as we now do, call Mr. McLaren a very "remarkable adder."'

Pleasant Greeting.

In a nearby city there lived a worthy old lady and her son John, who were once called upon to entertain a number of ladies at dinner during quarterly meeting. As John began to carve the broiled chickens he entered upon a flowery speech of welcome, but in the midst of his flattering utterances his mother, who was somewhat deaf, piped up from the other end of the table: "You needn't be praisin' of 'em up, John. I'm afraid they're a lot of tough old hens, every one of 'em."—Chicago News.

Real to Him.

Several years ago, when the late John T. Raymond was portraying the character of that famed optimist, Colonel Mulberry Sellers, he played a certain frontier town. In the play there was a famous trial scene. The jury chosen was composed of supers recruited from each of the cities in which they appeared. As the talesmen did not have to appear until the last act they usually enjoyed the earlier part of the performance from choice seats in the auditorium. On this particular occasion, when the district attorney was getting in some good hard licks on the defendant, Laura Hawkins, for the murder of Colonel Shelby and was denouncing the prisoner in scathing terms, one of the jurors a typical yap, arose and, shaking his fist in the prosecutor's face and with much emotion, said: "Yes, she did shoot him, and it served him well right. I was down in them front seats and I seed it all."

The uproar that greeted this outburst killed the rest of the performance, and John T. Raymond, who was a famous practical joker himself, enjoyed the situation fully as well as the audience.—Chicago Journal.

Real happiness is cheap enough, yet how dearly we pay for its counterfeit.—Hose Ballou.

Elvin's Girl

A Christmas Story

By CLARISSA MACKIE

Caleb Wren brought the letter from the postoffice and waited impatiently while his wife slowly read it.

"What does he say, Martha?"

"I can't make out all of it, but he ain't coming home for Christmas," she said in a disappointed tone.

"Sho! Can't he get away?"

"Yes; he's going to have two days off, but he says if we don't mind he'll stay down there with some friends. I was afraid the city would wean him away from us." Martha Wren's voice shook.

Caleb dropped his hand on her shoulder, and its comforting pressure assured her. Even if their son, Elvin, did not care enough about them to come home for Christmas, why, they had each other. Neither one voiced this sentiment, but they knew and understood. To make it worse, it was the first Christmas Elvin had spent away from the old home, and they had made many innocent plans for his happiness.

"We couldn't expect him to always come home," said Martha loyally.



"DID YOU HEAR WHAT SHE SAID?"

"Some day Elvin will be getting married, and we've got to get used to being alone."

"I always hoped when he got married that there'd be more come home holidays," murmured Caleb.

"Somebody's knocking at the door," said Martha.

Caleb went to the side door and admitted a little woman, dried and withered, with faded brown eyes and a nose that always twitched with excitement when there was news to be imparted. It was Sarah Dean.

"It's growing colder," she said.

"Wind's changed," remarked Caleb. "I guess it's going to snow some."

"Good Christmas weather," said Mrs. Dean hurriedly, as though the talk about weather was merely a preface to what she had come to say, as undoubtedly it was.

"It is nice to have a white Christmas," murmured Martha, intent on her sewing.

Sarah Dean eyed the letter in Martha's lap. "Well, I expect you'll be glad to see Elvin home again," she remarked briskly.

Caleb tramped out into the kitchen and began to rattle around the stove. A pink flush came into Mrs. Wren's cheek.

"We don't expect Elvin home this Christmas," she said in a tone of mild surprise.

"Oh, I expect there are other attractions in the city." Sarah nodded her head meaningly.

"Of course there's much more going on there than in a little place like Fenwick village," admitted Elvin's mother.

"To say nothing of the girls!" hinted Mrs. Dean.

Mrs. Wren ruffled. "What girls?" she asked stiffly.

"Oh, I was only speaking in a general way," said Sarah hastily. "Boys will be boys, and I did hear"— She hesitated tantalizingly.

"You hear a lot in Fenwick village," remarked Martha Wren energetically. "I'm real glad you came in, Sarah. Now I can give you that cake recipe you asked for. I copied it all out the other day."

"I'd admire to have it," returned Sarah as Martha went to the desk in the corner and rummaged in the pigeonholes.

"It takes four eggs," said Martha as she gave the paper to her visitor.

"Eggs is high, too, but then I can make half the quantity, just to try it. James Bliss came home yesterday from the city."

"Oh, did he?" James Bliss was a Fenwick boy who worked in the same office with Elvin Wren.

"James said he saw Elvin Sunday."

"Yes? I expect he sees him every day too."

"James says Elvin has got a girl!" she announced bluntly.

Martha started slightly; then her shoulders stiffened proudly.

"I expect she's a mighty nice girl, too," she observed calmly.

"I hope so," retorted the vanquished Sarah, and she immediately departed.

After the door had closed behind Mrs. Dean, Martha leaned forward in her chair and called to her husband.

"Caleb!" she said in a strained voice.

"Yes, Martha."

"Did you hear what she said?"

"Yes; you mean about Elvin?" He came into the room and sat down beside her rocking chair.

"She said he had a girl. Isn't it funny he hasn't said anything about it to us?" Her voice trembled.

Caleb shook his grizzled head. "Maybe it seems strange to us that he hasn't said anything, but again he might feel bashful about it. Elvin's quiet, you know."

"Yes, he is."

"I was like him, I know, when I was courting you, Martha. I was skeered to death for fear my folks would find it out, not because they would care, but only because it was such a kinder sweet secret I didn't want to spile it all by having to explain everything."

Reticent Caleb Wren stumbled through this comforting speech and was rewarded by seeing his wife's warm smile as their hands clasped.

"I see," she murmured softly—"I see how it is with Elvin."

"I wish he could have come out here just for the day. It's only twenty miles." Caleb needed a little comforting now.

"I reckon he will, pa!" cried Martha. "When the day comes I'll bet he does come. I'm going to get all ready for him just the same. What say?"

"All right," smiled Caleb, and with this enjoyable prospect before them, although both believed it to be merely a delusive hope, they went on with their Christmas preparations.

Christmas morning dawned cold and clear. Over field and farmhouse and winding road the snowy blanket was spread, and the tops of the pine trees wore tufts of white. Through the snow the tops of the fence rails showed black in the sunlight.

"Looks like a picture," murmured Caleb as he peered from the window.

"I guess there's good sleighing," responded Martha. "I wouldn't wonder if Elvin came out in a sleigh."

Caleb said nothing. His heart was heavy within him. He had missed the companionship of his only son when the boy had gone to the city to work, but Elvin had been keen to come home at every opportunity. Sundays and holidays invariably found him arriving on the first train.

This would be a sad Christmas for Caleb and his wife, in spite of the wreaths of green laurel that Martha had hung in the windows and the pantry filled with good things to eat.

The dinner was on the table. There was a place set for Elvin, and Caleb had just thrust the blade of the carving knife into the brown breast of the turkey when there came the jingle of sleighbells. Caleb paused in his carving and listened. Martha grew quite pale.

The bells came nearer. A sleigh was entering their yard. It passed the window, a cutter with two persons.

Martha and Caleb reached the door together.

"He has come!" exclaimed Caleb excitedly.

"Of course he has. I expected him," reproved Martha, for she had faith in prayer, and she had prayed as only a mother can.

Standing in the doorway, they saw their handsome son assisting a girl out of the sleigh, such a sweet faced, brown eyed, homely looking girl that Martha's heart warmed to her at once. She felt, proud of Elvin. She might have known that he would choose the right kind of girl.

Elvin's face was flushed and happy as he led the girl to his parents.

"Mother and father," he said slowly, "this is Miss Winters. She's a friend of mine, and I invited her out to eat Christmas dinner with us. You see, I couldn't stay away."

"Come right in, dearie," said Martha, and she bent and kissed the girl, while Caleb shook her hand warmly.

"I was just carving the turkey," said Caleb as he set another place at the table.

"I'm afraid you'll think it strange that I came home with your son," said Miss Winters as she emerged from her furs, a demure slip of a girl with whom Caleb fell in love at once.

"Not at all. We're real glad to see you," cried the delighted Martha.

"I'll explain everything at table," promised Elvin, and he did.

Miss Winters was an orphan who boarded in the same house with Elvin Wren and who by the same fortune worked beside him in the same office. He had planned to take her to a hotel for a Christmas dinner, but as the day approached he grew to thinking of the farm and of his lonely parents. So he suggested to Dulcie Winters that they ride out to Fenwick and surprise his people.

It was a joyful occasion for both Martha and Caleb. Before them they saw enacted the same sweet story of awakening love that both of them had experienced in their own youth. Martha had mentally planned the wedding before they reached the mince pie, and she told Caleb afterward that she just knew that when Elvin and Dulcie were married Elvin would come back to the farm and that Elvin's wife and children would comfort them in their old age.

"I don't dast contradict you, Martha," he whispered, "not after what you expected to happen today and what has happened. It's been a happy Christmas, wife."

"I just prayed, Caleb; that's how it happened," said Martha.

MISS THE MULE.

But Willie Landed Hard and the Blow Almost Killed Father.

"Jonas Whipple?" repeated the village grocer. "Why, yes, I reckon I can tell you where to find him, but if I was you, young man, I wouldn't put in much time lookin' for him just at present."

The young fellow in front of the counter looked puzzled. Mr. Green finished wrapping up some butter and then obligingly explained:

"You see, it's like this. Jonas bought a mule the other day and had it fetched over to his place and turned loose in the barn lot. When feedin' time came that evening he and that fool boy Willie of his went out to put the mule in the barn. Somehow or other, though, the mule took a notion that he wouldn't go. He'd run up to the door, stick his head inside as if he meant to go in; then he'd seem to change his mind and go charging back to the



THE MULE TOOK A NOTION THAT HE WOULDN'T GO.

other end of the lot. He did that about ten times, and finally Jonas lost his temper and made up his mind to teach the mule a lesson. He called Willie to him and handed him a piece of fence rail that he'd picked up. Then he told him to go into the barn, climb up over the door and sit there till the mule stuck his head inside and then crack him a good one.

"Jonas started out after the mule again, but the beast seemed to have scented trouble, for he wouldn't go near the barn. Jonas chased him round till he was about worn out and as mad as a hornet, and then he gave up and started to go in the barn to tell Willie to climb down. He stuck his head inside the door, and—well, he doesn't know what happened after that till the next morning when he woke up in bed. And from what the doctor says it's a wonder he's able to know anything. What did you want to see him about?"

The young man gave a feeble grin.

"I'm selling a book on the treatment of unruly animals," he replied. "A gentleman outside directed me to Mr. Whipple's, but I'm very glad I forgot his directions. Thank you, sir, and good evening."—Youth's Companion.

Maybe It Was.

Louis E. Van Norman, associate editor of the Review of Reviews, recently returned from a vacation in the Glacier National park. While there he discovered an old timer who was particularly bitter toward the Piegan Indians. "I like the Sioux, and the

Apaches, and the Crows," said this old fellow, beating violently on the table. "Them Indians are gentlemen. When they went on the warpath they always took their blankets off, and all you had to do was to run and hide. But the Piegan! Mister, there ain't nothing as mean as a Piegan."

Next day Mr. Van Norman asked Bill Burns, a veteran Glacier park guide, why the old man hated Piegan so. "Well," said Mr. Burns reflectively, "the old cuss married a Piegan squaw. Mebbe it's race prejudice."

Her Only Concern.

Sir David Baird, the first baronet, was a famous Anglo-Indian soldier who early in his career had the unpleasant experience of being thrown into the black hole of Calcutta during the mutiny.

Like a number of other eminent soldiers, he was not blessed with too sweet a temper, and when his old mother was told that the prisoners in the black hole were tied together her only comment was:

"Heaven help the poor man that's tied to our Davie!"

Something Good on Goodwin.

On one occasion in his career Nat Goodwin was bumping over the gasoline circuit as the star in a play which was so bad that the only good thing in it was the last curtain. Naturally the public evinced no desire to patronize it. Finally, however, the brave actors and actresses played in a town which, for some mysterious reason, turned out a good crowd to see the dismal performance.

It was too good to be true. After the first act Goodwin sought out the stage manager and said:

"On the level, are those real people out there?"

"Certainly, a whole lot of them," replied the manager.

"Well, that's one on me," replied Goodwin. "I thought that crowd was a painted drop curtain."—Popular Magazine.

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Notice of Stockholders' Meeting.

Pursuant to a resolution duly adopted and adopted by the Board of Directors of the South San Francisco Mill and Lumber Company at a regular meeting of said Board, held at the office of said Corporation on the 10th day of December, 1913, and entered in the minute book of said Corporation as part of the proceedings of said meeting, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Stockholders of said Corporation is hereby called, and will be held at the office of said Corporation in the City of South San Francisco, State of California on the 30th day of December, 1913, at the hour of 6:00 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of considering and acting upon the proposition to dissolve the said Corporation, wind up its business and dispose of its assets.

Dated December 12, 1913.

J. J. MARTIN,

Secretary of said Corporation.

NOTICE TO

TAXPAYERS

TAXES 1913

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Books of the County of San Mateo (real and personal) for the fiscal year 1913 have been received and the taxes on all personal property and one-half of the taxes on all real property are now due and payable and will be delinquent on the

Last Monday in November, 1913

at 6 o'clock P. M.

And unless paid prior thereto, 15 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. If the said first installment of taxes be not paid before the Last Monday in April, 1914, at 6 P. M. an additional 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. The remaining one-half of the taxes on real property will be payable on or after the First Monday in January. Next thereafter, and will be delinquent on the last Monday in April, 1914, at 6 o'clock P. M. and that unless paid prior thereto 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

All taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

</div

SAN BRUNO NEWS.**SAN BRUNO METHODIST CHURCH.**

Sunday school, 10:00 a.m.
Preaching by the pastor 11:00 a.m.
Prayer meeting, Thursday, December 18th, at 7:45 p.m.

For Rent—Five room house, all modern and up-to-date, \$15 month, near postoffice. C. Schoelkopf, San Bruno. Advt.

Have you noticed the new light at the San Bruno crossing? This is a great improvement on the old dark crossing.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p.m., matinee 2:30 p.m. Advt.

The statement published in The Enterprise last week that A. A. LoReagx will move to San Francisco soon is wrong. He and his family will continue to live in San Bruno.

Died—In San Bruno, December 16th, Mrs. Mary Ferguson, mother of Mrs. Catherine Lyman. The funeral was held Thursday, December 18th, from St. Bruno Catholic Church. Interment Holy Cross cemetery.

The Christmas exercises for the Sunday school children of the San Bruno M. E. Church will be held next Monday evening at the church. All members of the Sunday school and cradle roll department are urged to be present.

Last Sunday evening at 8 o'clock an automobile containing a party of colored people was speeding along the state highway at the rate of nearly eighty miles an hour and came to grief just in front of the Old Heidelberg Inn, when the machine skidded and turned over, the party being imprisoned beneath. Their cries for help brought some residents of San Bruno and the injured were removed to the hospital at South San Francisco. The machine was placed in Gus Jenevein's shop for repairs.

The Yeomen gave another whist party last Tuesday night. About sixty were present and the game started at 9 sharp. Large turkeys were given to Mrs. H. Griffin of Lomita Park and Stewart Kirk of third addition. Cranberries were given to Mrs. Herman Laumeister and Mr. Biggins. Miss Emma Holden, a member of our school faculty, Pete Kelley, Mr. Biggins and Miss Alice Holden were also given turkeys. A genuine English plum pudding of three pounds and given by Mrs. Nerny of Belle Air Park was given to Frank Valentine of San Bruno Park. Refreshments were served by the committee and all departed for home at a late hour.

Live where the sun always shines and there is no fog. Why pay rent when the same amount of money will buy the house for you? Just a small payment down. \$200 down will buy a 7-room house and lot. \$10 down, balance \$10 month, buys 2 lots, no interest. \$750 cash buys 5-room house and lot. \$100 down buys 3-room house and lot. \$50 buys lot on business street, bargain, on time. A postal card will receive prompt attention. Also houses for rent, furnished and unfurnished, very reasonable. Take San Mateo car, get off at San Bruno crossing. L. M. Pfleger, real estate office. Advt.

Died—In San Bruno, December 12th, Adelade, wife of Chas. Schoelkopf, mother of Emile Gibouret and mother-in-law of Hortense Gibouret, a native of France, aged 51 years. The funeral took place Sunday, December 14th, Interment in Mt. Olivet cemetery. Mrs. Schoelkopf was professor of music and language in the Hawaiian Islands for some time. She was a descendant of noble families of France.

Card of Thanks—I wish to gratefully and sincerely thank the Woodmen, Firemen, Yeomen and many friends and neighbors for their expressions of condolence and sympathy and beautiful floral offerings on account of the death of my beloved wife. Chas. Schoelkopf.

Take a Hint From Iceland.

If the king of Denmark does what is expected of him at the next council of state and signs a bill presented to him by the minister from Iceland the women of Iceland will have suffrage on equal terms with men. Two women from Iceland, Mrs. Breit Amundsson and another suffragist, were sent to the international suffrage convention at Budapest in June at the expense of the government.

FINANCIAL CRISIS IS FEARED IN MEXICO**Huerta May Force Acceptance of Notes**

Unless the Mexican Government forces' acceptance of the notes issued by the state banks, it is expected that it will be impossible to redeem one of these in the capital. The directors of the Banco Central, the parent institution of the great majority of state banks, with the managers of the Bank of London and Mexico and the national banks, went over the situation carefully at a meeting of the Department of Finance, but the only decision reached was to continue paying at the Banco Central only as long as the reserve deposits of the state banks lasted.

All the state banks have carried with the Banco Central amounts calculated to be sufficient to protect the notes circulating. The refusal of other banks to redeem them sent thousands of persons who held state bank notes to the Central Bank, where the funds for redeeming the notes of six state banks were soon exhausted.

Fearing to continue payment, the management of the bank closed its doors, pending a possible arrangement. The drain on the deposited reserves of the remaining state banks has been heavy, and it is realized that the bank will soon run out of funds.

It was explained by the management of the national bank that this does not affect the solvency of the parent institution, nor necessarily of the state banks. Each individual concern may or may not be able to meet its obligation, but the conditions made it impossible to continue the chain-like support.

Business men fear the failure to redeem the notes will cause a run on the state banks. It is known, however, that perhaps a majority of these are wholly solvent, and that ultimately, when the notes now out of their territory are returned to them, they will be paid to their face value.

It is reported that President Huerta, by official decree, will force acceptance of the bank notes, perhaps making them legal tender throughout the republic, as he has already done in the states where they were issued.

All the property of Luis Terrazas, Sr. Enrique Creel and Juan Creel, including banks, mines, vast areas of land, thousands of head of cattle, homes and personal effects, were ordered confiscated to the rebels in an official decree issued by General Francisco Villa.

Terrazas, now a refugee in the United States, is one of the richest men in Mexico. His holdings of about two-thirds of the State of Chihuahua are said to place him among the most extensive land holders of the world.

The combined estate of Terrazas and the Creel brothers, his nephews, is valued at many millions of dollars.

Enrique Creel was formerly Ambassador from Mexico to the United States.

General Villa's decree, issued at Chihuahua, was sent to Juarez and given out officially. It was intended as a notice that, should the revolution succeed, neither the Terrazas nor the Creel families will be allowed any indemnity for their losses.

The decree accuses the Creels and the Terrazas families of "withholding" taxation and of fomenting the treachery of Orozco and Huerta," and states that the property shall be given to the "widows and orphans produced by the bloodshed among Mexicans." All contracts made with the Creels and Terrazas since February 18, 1913, are declared void.

Meantime Luis Terrazas, Jr., eldest son of the landholder, is held a prisoner at Chihuahua, and the rebels have appropriated to their use as much movable property as they could seize.

Efforts were made by rebel leaders working directly with General Villa to effect some sort of a settlement in regard to the property of the expelled Spaniards. It was said that a proposal was made to invoice all the property in the Spanish stores and shops and to allow the claims to rest against the rebel government.

General Villa replied he was willing to pay for the property in so-called Constitutional money, which the Spaniards before their departure declared to be worthless.

That the curfew by which children under 14 years of age are compelled to remain off the streets of the city after 8:30 in the evening at this time of the year should be rigorously enforced by an aroused public opinion was argued by Mrs. E. Whitman, State superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, upon Sunset branch of that body at a meeting held at the Seventh Avenue Presbyterian Church in San Francisco.

HETTY GREEN.

World's Richest Woman, Now in Seventy-ninth Year.



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ENGLISH MILITANTS TO OPEN CAMPAIGN**Modesty of London Police Triumphs Over Duty**

The opening gun of the busy autumn campaign of the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies, the constitutional organization of the suffragettes, will be fired in December, in the form of a concerted attack on the constituencies of the Cabinet members who oppose women's enfranchisement. This preliminary attack will take the form of political support of certain labor candidates, who expect to oppose the anti-suffrage Cabinet members at the next general election. The Government is being attacked because, although it has a majority in favor of women's suffrage, it refuses to make their enfranchisement a Government measure.

The Labor party will be assisted because it is, so far, the only party which has placed women's suffrage in its official platform. The Union itself is non-partisan, embracing members from all the parties, but it is the considered opinion of the officials that the hand of the Government should be forced by opposing its anti-suffrage adherents.

The educational side of the campaign is to be concentrated on an effort to show the public quite clearly, at least, of the reasons why the Union desires the enfranchisement of women. This reason will be expressed in terms of the welfare of children.

A programme has been arranged under the general title of "The Child and the State." The campaign will be carried on under the various heads of infant mortality, children in the schools, defective children, delinquent children, State children, employment of children and the legal position of children.

The police have been subjected to considerable criticism for the small number of arrests they made at the recent Bow Baths riot in the East End, when Sylvia Pankhurst was rescued by her followers, but modesty has prevented the London policeman from coming forward with a perfectly adequate excuse for his small suffragette bag.

The story of the newest form of militant strategy might never have been made public had not some of the victorious suffragettes boasted about it to their friends. According to these fighters, every time a policeman grasped a suffragette, one of her comrades, told off for that purpose, would rip open the officer's coat and cut his suspenders. Torn between conflicting senses of duty and modesty, the constable had to sacrifice his capture or his dignity, and every one who knows the London "bobby" will guess that the prisoner escaped.

IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS

The English morning and afternoon newspapers have agreed not to appear on Christmas day. Some of the papers have not appeared on that day in previous years, but this is the first time a unanimous decision has been reached in the matter.

A dispatch to the London Times from Tokio says the Japanese Government has been notified that Canada intends to prohibit all immigration to British Columbia for three months. The correspondent adds that, as there will be no discrimination against Orientals, Japan cannot object.

Crown Prince Frederick William will return to Berlin very soon from his long banishment in Dantzig, but he will have to work hard. His august father, it is understood, gave the recalcitrant Crown Prince the choice between a year's voyage to the German colonies or a return to Berlin to be trained at army headquarters, being raised to the rank of general. The heir to the throne chose the latter alternative.

Professor Julius Stumpf of the University of Wuerzburg, Germany, has discovered a new cure for cholera, consisting of a mixture of clay and other substances extracted from earth, which kills cholera bacilli in the intestines. Professor Stumpf used the remedy in the Balkan campaign. Of thirty-one cholera patients treated, only one, who was hopelessly infected, died. Of twenty women treated in Belgrade, seventeen were saved.

Prince Henry of England has made so little progress in his studies at Eton that there is no chance of his being able to pass his examination. If the Prince remains in the lower school next term, he still will have to "fag," notwithstanding that Queen

Mary expressly stipulated he should "fag" only for one term. Prince Henry, therefore, will be specially coached during the holidays, and then if he fails, King George may demand his exemption from "fagging."

The Los Angeles police have solved the mystery of the woman in black who has been making numerous purchases at the department stores and having them charged to other women. The woman was arrested and identified herself as the wife of a furniture salesman, with many friends in social circles. With plenty of ready money she toured the department stores at regular intervals, making heavy purchases, and then would have the goods charged to prominent persons there. She was caught by an accident. The identification was due to a pair of beautiful jet earrings she wore. She can give no motive for the thefts. Her relatives secured bail for her.

Officials of the Canal Commission believe that if no further slides take place the first ship will go through the canal in January, instead of some time next summer, as has been expected. The channel, which is now seventeen feet deep and ninety feet wide, has been completed through the Cucuracha slide. The large dredge Corozal and others made the passage several days ago. Seven dredges are still at work excavating the slide.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

Latest Conditions and Prices of Seasonable Products of California

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Apples, per box: Newtown Pippins, 4-tier, \$1.50 @ 1.75; do, 4½-tier, \$1.25 @ 1.35; Spitzbergs, 4-tier, \$1.40 @ 1.60; do, 4½-tier, \$1.10 @ 1.25; Bellflower, 3½-tier, \$1.65 @ 1.75; do, 4-tier, \$1.65 @ 1.75; do, 4½-tier, \$1.25 @ 1.40; Rhode Island Greenings, 4-tier, \$1.25 @ 1.35; do, 4½-tier, \$1; Delaware Reds, 4-tier, \$1.30 @ 1.40; do, 4½-tier, \$1.15 @ 1.25; Hoover, 4-tier, \$1.25 @ 1.35; do, 4½-tier, \$1 @ 1.10; Baldwin, 3½-tier and 4-tier, \$1.25 @ 1.50; do, 4½-tier, \$1.10 @ 1.15; Lady Apples \$1.73 @ 3; Oregon Apples—Extra fancy Spitzbergs, \$2 @ 2.50; do, fancy, \$1.75 @ 2; do, choice, \$1.40 @ 1.65; Jonathan, \$1.50 @ 1.75; Ben Davis, \$1.50 @ \$1.75; Baldwin, \$1.75 @ 1.85; Black Twigs, \$1.60 @ 1.75.

PEARS—Winter Nellis, per box \$1.75 @ 2.

Cranberries—Howe's, \$10 @ 12.50 per barrel.

CITRUS FRUITS—Per box: Lemons, standard, \$2.50 @ 3.50; choice \$4.50 @ 5; fancy, \$5.50 @ 6.50; Lemon ettes, \$1.50 @ 2.75; Grapefruit, seedless \$3 @ 4; Limes, per case, \$4 @ 5.

ORANGES—Per box: New Navels fancy, \$2.25 @ 2.50; do, choice, \$1.75 @ 2.75; sweated stock, \$1.50 @ 2.25; Tan gerines, \$1.75 @ 2.50; do, crates, \$1 @ 1.50; Mandarins, \$1.25 @ 1.50.

POTATOES—Per cental: Delta Whites, 75c @ 1; do, fancy, \$1 @ 1.15; Oregon Burbanks, 85c @ \$1.25; Idaho \$1.10 @ 1.25; Sweets, \$1.15 @ 1.30.

ONIONS—Per cental: Silverskins \$2 @ 2.25; on street, 25c higher; Oregon, \$2.40 @ 2.50.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, 40c @ \$1 per box; do, southern, per crate 50 @ 75c; String Beans, per pound, 4 @ 8c; Lima, 3 @ 6c; Peas, 6 @ 10c; Cauliflower, per dozen, 40 @ 60c; Green Peppers, \$1.50 @ 2 per crate; do, southern per pound, 2 @ 3c; Egg Plant, 50c @ 1 per box; do, southern per pound, 3 @ 6c; Rhubarb, \$1.25 @ 1.50 per box; Cabbage, \$1.50 @ 1.75 per cental; Squash, Summer, per box, \$1.25 @ 1.50; do, Cream, 50 @ 75c; Hubbard, per sack, 70 @ 75c; do, Marrowfat, 65 @ 75c; Sprouts, 4 @ 5c per pound; Mushrooms per pound, natural, 10 @ 15c; buttons, 20 @ 25c; Carrots, per sack, 55 @ 65c; Celery, large crates, \$1.50 @ 2; small crates, \$1 @ 1.25; Garlic, per pound, 7 @ 9c; Cucumbers, hothouse, per box of 2½ dozen, \$1 @ 1.25; do, L. A. lugs, 90c @ \$1.25; Lettuce, per small crate, \$1.25 @ 1.75.

POULTRY—Per pound: California Fryers, 20 @ 22c; old Roosters, 12c; do, young, 18 @ 19c; Hens, 15 @ 16c; Eastern Hens, 16 @ 18c; do, young stock, 17 @ 21c. Per dozen: California Hens, medium, \$4.50 @ 5; do, extra, \$6 @ 11.50; old Roosters, \$4 @ 5; young Roosters, \$7 @ 8; do, full-grown, \$8 @ 10; Fryers, \$5 @ 6; Broilers, \$3 @ 4; Ducks, old, \$4 @ 5.50; do, young, \$6 @ 8; Pigeons, \$1.25; do, Squabs, \$2.50 @ 3; Eastern Hens, \$7 @ 11, according to size; Geese, per pair, \$2 @ 3. Turkeys, per pound: Young, 19 @ 21c; do, old, 17 @ 20c; dressed Turkeys, 22 @ 25c; off grades, 18 @ 21c.

GAME—Per dozen: Rabbits, \$2.25 @ 2.50; Belgian Hares, \$4 @ 6; do, wild, \$2.50 @ 2.75; Geese, white, \$2 @ 2.50; do, Gray, \$4 @ 5; Brant, large, \$3 @ 4; do, small, \$2 @ 2.50; Canvasback, \$5 @ 6; Mallard, \$4 @ 5; Sprig, \$3 @ 5; Widde gon, \$250 @ 3; Spoonbill, \$2 @ 2.50; Blackjack, \$2 @ 2.50; Bluebills, \$2 @ 2.50.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter, 31c per pound; Eggs, 46½c per dozen.